

Classical Studies – Quiz – Pompeii

1. Name two rooms commonly found in Roman houses?
2. What was the name for apartment-blocks in Latin?
3. What happened every day at the *lararium*?
4. What is the name of the spirits of the larder?
5. Name any three forms of work you might find in Pompeii.
6. Where did Roman fullers source their ammonia?
7. Which goddess did fullers worship?
8. Give two reasons why being a baker was unpleasant work.
9. What was the Forum?
10. Romans were “polytheistic” – what does this mean?
11. Where might a Roman worship?
12. What was the name of the chief priest in Rome?
13. What is augury?
14. The villa of Mysteries is believed to show a mystery religion ceremony – what was a Mystery Religion?
15. Give two reasons why the Baths were such an important part of Roman life.
16. How did Roman theatres differ from Greek theatres?
17. How could a Roman theatre be “weather-proofed”?
18. True or false, women were forbidden to work as actors.
19. What could the size of a theatre reveal about a town?
20. What was the price of entry to the theatre for citizens of Rome?
21. Who built Rome’s first permanent theatre?
22. How can we tell blood sports were popular with the Romans?
23. What were vomitoria?
24. Name two different types of gladiator.
25. What was cena?

26. What was garum?
27. Which language did the Roman aristocracy speak?
28. Give any way in which a slave could be freed.
29. How old was Pliny the Younger at the time of the eruption of Vesuvius?
30. Give two signs that indicated Vesuvius was about to erupt.
31. What had happened to Pompeii in 62BCE?
32. Approximately how many people died in the eruption?
33. In which year was Rome founded?
34. How many kings did Rome have before the Republic?
35. What was the name of the last king of Rome?
36. Which general did Julius Caesar defeat to become dictator of Rome?
37. Why did Octavius choose the title "Imperator"?
38. Whom did Titus succeed as emperor?
39. Why was pregnancy dangerous for Roman women?
40. How could a Roman woman have a political career?

Classical Studies – Quiz – Athens

1. In the fifth century BCE, what was the approximate population of Attica?
2. What were metics?
3. What was a deme?
4. What are ostraca?
5. What provided Athens with most of its slaves?
6. Which factors might increase the value of a slave?
7. What is the name of the main market square in Athens?
8. Give two products produced in Attica.
9. From which country did Athens import corn?

10. What were the three elements of a Greek education?
11. What was the name of educators who taught at a level beyond a paidagogos?
12. What was the most sought-after education?
13. Give two qualifications required to qualify as a citizen.
14. Who kept order in Athenian courts?
15. Whose laws were incredibly harsh?
16. How many jurors sat on an Athenian jury?
17. Why was Socrates executed?
18. For how long did the magistrate in charge of roads hold the position?
19. How often could a citizen hold a position as magistrate?
20. How often was there a vote of confidence in each magistrate?
21. How were councillors selected?
22. Where was the ecclesia held?
23. How often did the ecclesia meet?
24. How did voting operate at the ecclesia?
25. Why was the ecclesia unfair on certain citizens?
26. What was at the centre of most Athenian houses?
27. What is the Greek word for "household"?
28. What is the name of the male head of the household?
29. Give two expectations of the female head of the household.
30. How could women have more status *outside* the home?
31. Which women could attend a symposium?
32. Who decided on the strength of the wine at a symposium?
33. What happened to unwanted children?
34. Which items were hung outside the household's door to signify the birth of a boy/girl?
35. How long did the Panathenaia go on for?
36. How often was the Panathenaia held?

37. What was awarded as a prize at the Panathenaia?
38. What is the name of the temple on the Acropolis dedicated to Athena?
39. Athena was the goddess of... what?
40. What is Xenia?

Classical Studies – Oedipus

1. In which polis does the drama take place?
2. What were the names of Oedipus's parents?
3. Why does Oedipus walk with a limp?
4. Give two ways in which Oedipus showed good leadership skills.
5. Give two ways in which his mother does not conform to Greek expectations of women.
6. Give two ways in which Oedipus is heroic.
7. Who foretold that Oedipus would murder his father?
8. Where was Oedipus raised as a prince?
9. With whom is Oedipus in conflict in the play?
10. How does the play suggest that Oedipus does not have control over his fate?